Life insurance is a critical part of a broader financial plan. There are many options available, and you have the right to shop around and seek advice from different financial advisors in order to find the options best suited to your needs.

You are encouraged to consider the following possible alternatives to letting your life policy lapse. These alternatives include, but are not limited to:

- **Accelerated Death Benefit:** Your policy may provide an early or accelerated discounted benefit payment if you have a terminal or chronic illness.

- **Cash Surrender:** Your policy may have a cash surrender value your life insurer would pay you if you cancel it.

- **Gift:** You may be able to gift your policy to your beneficiary, who would then assume responsibility for paying premiums.

- **Life Settlement:** You may be able to sell your life insurance policy to a third party. You pay no further premium. The third party becomes the policyholder and receives the benefit upon the insured's death.

- **Maintain Your Policy:** You may be able to maintain your life insurance policy in force by paying the premiums directly or using your current policy values to pay the premiums.

- **Policy Changes:** You may be able to reduce or eliminate future premium payments by obtaining a paid-up policy, by reducing optional coverages, or through other options available from your life insurer.

- **Policy Loan:** You may be able to take out a loan from your life insurance company using the cash value of your policy as collateral. Loan proceeds can be used to pay the premiums or for other purposes.

- **Third-Party Loan:** You may be able to get a loan from another party to pay your policy's premiums. In return, the lender may require an assignment of a portion or all of the policy's death benefits.
These options may or may not be available depending on your circumstances including your age, health or the terms of your life insurance policy. Please see your policy or contact your life insurance company, financial advisor, agent or broker to determine your particular options.

If you're an Oregon state resident and have questions about life insurance and your rights, contact the Division of Financial Regulation of the Department of Consumer and Business Services for more information, at 888-877-4894, or go to https://dfr.oregon.gov/. Ask questions if you don't understand your policy.

COMMONLY USED TERMS

Accelerated death benefit: A benefit allowing terminally ill or chronically ill life insurance policyholders to receive cash advances of all or part of the expected death benefit. The accelerated death benefit can be used for health care treatments or any other purpose.

Cash surrender value: This term is also called "cash value," "surrender value," and "policyholder's equity." The amount of cash due to a policyholder who requests the insurance company cancel his/her life insurance policy before it matures or death occurs.

Expected death benefit: The face amount of the policy, less any policy loan amounts, that the insurance company is expected to pay the beneficiaries named in the life insurance policy upon the death of the insured.

Lapse: Refers to a life insurance policy ending or expiring when a policyholder stops making premium payments.

Life settlement: Refers to a contract in which the policyholder sells his or her life insurance policy to a third party for a one-time cash payment which is greater than the cash surrender value, but less than the death benefit of the policy. Life settlements are a regulated transaction in Kentucky.

Policy loan: A loan issued by an insurance company using the cash value of a person's life insurance policy as collateral.

This brochure is for informational purposes only and does not constitute an endorsement of any of the options described above.